

**Appl. No.** : 10/036,160  
**Filed** : December 26, 2001

### **REMARKS**

Upon entry of the foregoing amendments to the specification, the specification has been amended as shown above to remove URLs from the specification. No new matter has been added by the amendments to the specification.

The claims have been amended as set forth above. Upon entry of the above-described amendments, Claims 22-30 and 32-34 are pending. Claim 31 has been cancelled. Claims 22-30 have been amended to remove reference to the Figures. Claims 22-27 and 30 have been further amended to specify particular amino acid sequences of the "extracellular domains." Support for this amendment is found, for example, in Figure 20. Also, Claims 22-26 have been amended to add the limitation that the claimed polypeptide has the ability to induce chondrocyte redifferentiation. Support for this amendment is found in Example 36 on page 166, describing a chondrocyte redifferentiation assay (Assay #110). Thus, no new matter is added by the amendments and the claims are fully supported by the specification as originally filed.

Applicants respond below to the specific rejections raised by the PTO in the Office Action mailed September 7, 2004. For the reasons set forth below, Applicants respectfully traverse.

### **Information Disclosure Statement**

The Examiner asserts that the previously filed information disclosure statement fails to comply with 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(a)(2). The Examiner notes that the Blast results are not true publications with a publication date, and therefore, are not fully in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97.

Respectfully, Applicants disagree. The Blast results are true publications with a publication date or other information consistent with the duty of disclosure and § 1.98(a)(2). The contents of the previously filed IDS, which has been objected to, satisfied the requirements of § 1.98(a)(2) because the IDS included a legible copy of each publication or that portion which caused it to be listed and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. In particular, the previously filed Blast results were legible, provided a comparison of a claimed sequence to another sequence, and showed the relevant information for the other sequence.

Nonetheless, for the convenience of the Examiner, more detailed information is submitted as Exhibit 1. The resubmitted results include more detailed information regarding the cited

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sequences. These Blast results are resubmitted before the mailing date of any of a final action under § 1.113, a notice of allowance under § 1.311, or an action that otherwise closes prosecution in the application. Applicants believe that no fee is due because of compliance with §§ 1.97-1.98. However, if a fee is due to ensure consideration of the submitted Blast results, for example, the fee under § 1.17(p), the Patent Office is authorized to charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 11-1410.

### **Specification**

The Examiner states that the specification should be reviewed for the recitation of improper hyperlinks, and that all such recitations should be deleted or amended. Applicants have amended the specification to address the Examiner's concern. In particular, Applicants have replaced the hyperlinks with text that describes the location of the websites. The amended text no longer constitutes browser executable code.

### **Rejection under 35 U.S.C. §101 - Utility**

The Examiner rejects Claims 22-34 as allegedly not being supported by a specific and substantial asserted utility, or a well established utility. The Examiner argues that "one cannot extrapolate what constitutes a specific utility for the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:45, because the specific 'qualitative biological activity' for the polypeptide depicted as SEQ ID NO:45 is not known, nor specifically described within the specification." According to the Examiner, the specification generally does assert various utilities for all of the disclosed PRO polypeptides, however, the Examiner argues that such utilities are generically possessed by any polypeptide. Therefore, the Examiner argues that none of the asserted utilities are specific for the claimed PRO4405 polypeptide. Furthermore, the Examiner argues that the asserted utilities are not "substantial" arguing that the specification has assigned no specific activity to PRO4405.

According to the Utility Examination Guidelines ("Utility Guidelines"), 66 Fed. Reg. 1092 (2001) an invention complies with the utility requirement of 35 U.S.C. § 101, if it has at least one asserted "specific, substantial, and credible utility" or a "well-established utility." (1) A utility is "specific" when it is particular to the subject matter claimed. (2) With regard to substantial utility, "[a]ny reasonable use that an applicant has identified for the invention that can be viewed as providing a public benefit should be accepted as sufficient, at least with regard to

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defining a 'substantial' utility." (M.P.E.P. 2107.01). (3) "Credibility is assessed from the perspective of one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the disclosure and any other evidence of record ... that is probative of the Applicant's assertions." (M.P.E.P. 2107 II(B)(1)(ii)). Such standard is presumptively satisfied unless the logic underlying the assertion is seriously flawed, or if the facts upon which the assertion is based are inconsistent with the logic underlying the assertion (Revised Interim Utility Guidelines Training Materials, 1999).

Respectfully, the claimed polypeptides have a specific, substantial and credible utility as set forth in Example 36 of the specification at page 166. Example 36 describes a chondrocyte redifferentiation assay (Assay 110). This assay shows that certain polypeptides act to induce redifferentiation of chondrocytes, and therefore, are useful for the treatment of various bone and/or cartilage disorders such as, for example, sports injuries and arthritis. As mentioned in Example 36, PRO4405 is one of polypeptides that tested positive in the chondrocyte redifferentiation assay.

The ability to induce chondrocyte redifferentiation is specific or particular to the PRO4405 polypeptides, and is not an ability common to all peptides generally. Also, the utility is substantial as treatment of bone and/or cartilage disorders provides a public benefit. Finally, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the scientific assay results of Example 36 support the credibility of the utility assertion.

For the reasons discussed above, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of the instant rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 101.

**Rejections under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph – Enablement**

The Examiner rejected Claims 22-34 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph. According to the Examiner, because the claimed invention is not supported by either a substantial asserted utility or a well established utility, one of skill in the art would not know how to use the invention.

Applicants submit that in the above discussion of the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 101, Applicants have established a substantial, specific, and credible utility for the claimed polypeptides. Specifically, the claimed polypeptides have utility in inducing chondrocyte redifferentiation.

Also, as set forth above, Claims 22-26 have been amended to recite the functional limitation "wherein said isolated polypeptide has the ability to induce chondrocyte

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redifferentiation.” In view of this, the specification teaches how to make and use the claimed subject matter. In particular, the specification describes how to make the claimed polypeptides and how to assay for the claimed function in the variant polypeptides. Based upon that teaching and the above-established utility for the claimed subject matter, one skilled in the art would know how to make and use the claimed subject matter.

Therefore, Applicants therefore request that the Examiner reconsider and withdraw the enablement rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, based on a lack of utility.

**Rejections under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph – Written Description**

The Examiner asserts that Claims 22-27, 30-31 and 33-34 contain subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. In particular, the Examiner argues that “[n]o written description is provided in the specification for any other species of PRO4405 molecules, nor for any variants thereof (i.e., including molecules ‘having at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95% or 99% amino acid sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:45,’ polypeptides ‘comprising’ ‘extracellular domains of the polypeptide,’ or chimeric polypeptides thereof).” Furthermore, the Examiner argues that such claims are not described because the claims do not require that the polypeptide possess any particular biological activity, nor any particular conserved structure, nor other disclosed distinguishing feature.

Applicants have amended Claims 22-26 to recite that the claimed variant polypeptides “have the ability to induce chondrocyte redifferentiation.” Accordingly, Applicants maintain that the claims recite sufficient distinguishing characteristics for the claimed genus of polypeptides. Based on the detailed description of the cloning and expression of variants of PRO4405 in the specification, the description of the assay in Example 36, the actual reduction to practice of sequences SEQ ID NOs: 44 and 45, and the functional recitation in the instant claims, Applicants submit that one of skill in the art would know that Applicants possessed the invention as claimed in the instant claims. Hence, Applicants respectfully request that the PTO reconsider and withdraw the written description rejection under 35 U.S.C. §112.

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**Rejections under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph**

The Examiner has rejected Claims 22-27, 30-31 and 33-34 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite. The Examiner states that "what amino acids constitute 'the extracellular domain' is unclear, because 'glycosylation sites' are indicated to exist on both sides of the transmembrane domain." Further according to the Examiner, if the polypeptide possesses an extracellular domain, the recitation of "the extracellular domain ... lacking its associated signal sequence" is indefinite because a signal sequence is general not considered to be part of an extracellular domain.

Figure 20 discloses that the protein includes transmembrane domains at amino acids 58-79. The claims have therefore been amended to recite the specific region comprising the extracellular domains, namely, amino acids 77-310. Furthermore, Claims 22-27 have been amended and Claim 31 cancelled in order to delete reference to the "signal peptide" in connection with the "extracellular domain."

Applicants therefore request that the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, be withdrawn.

**Conclusion**

The present application is believed to be in condition for allowance, and an early action to that effect is respectfully solicited. Applicants invite the Examiner to call the undersigned if any issues may be resolved through a telephonic conversation.

Please charge any additional fees, including any fees for additional extension of time, or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 11-1410.

Respectfully submitted,

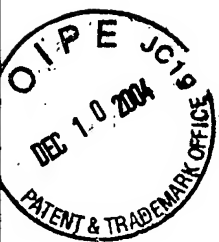
KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated:

Dec. 6, 2004

By:

AnneMarie Kaiser  
AnneMarie Kaiser  
Registration No. 37,649  
Attorney of Record  
Customer No. 30,313  
(619) 235-8550



# EXHIBIT 1



##  
Tue Jan 8 09:17:51 2002 [BLASTN 2.2.1 [Jul-12-2001], NCBI]  
Repeats masked (summary below)  
/home/ruby/va/Molbio/carpenda/tempids/ss.DNA84920 (2395 bp)  
/home/ruby/va/Molbio/carpenda/tempids/ss.DNA84920  
Database: gen (16,229,280 seqs, 16,995,651,507 bp) Jan 1, 2002 2:50 AM  
Locus list: hum -est (1,803,435 seqs, 6,559,376,613 bp)  
Matrix: blastn matrix:1 -3, T: 0, A: 40, X1: 6, X2: 15, S1: 12, S2: 20, eval: 10.  
Gap Penalties: Existence: 5, Extension: 2

Sequences producing High-scoring Segment Pairs:	Frame	Score	Match	Pct	E-val	
1 P_AAA96345 cDNA encoding a novel polypeptide design	+	2395	2395	100	0.0	
2 P_AAD02923 Human PRO4405 cDNA (DNA84920-2614).	CDN	+	2395	2395	100	0.0
3 P_AAF92127 Human PRO4405 cDNA.	+	2395	2395	100	0.0	
4 P_AAC91490 Human PRO4405 cDNA.	+	2395	2395	100	0.0	
5 AX089946 Sequence 7 from Patent WO0116319. DNA,	+	2395	2395	100	0.0	
6 AX092408 Sequence 139 from Patent WO0116318. DNA	+	2395	2395	100	0.0	
7 AX055478 Sequence 108 from Patent WO0073452. DNA	+	2395	2395	100	0.0	

GenBank (Release 143, aug 2004)

2395 100 0.0

P\_AAA96345 cDNA encoding a novel polypeptide designated PRO4405. 395 bp,  
cDNA, PAT 08-FEB-2001

ACCESSION P\_AAA96345

KEYWORDS GENESEQ; Secreted protein; transmembrane protein; PRO1484; PRO4334;  
PRO1122; PRO1889; PRO1890; PRO1887; PRO1785; PRO4353; PRO4357;  
PRO4405; PRO4356; PRO4352; PRO4380; PRO4354; PRO4408; PRO5737;  
PRO4425; PRO5990; PRO6030; PRO4424; PRO4422; PRO4430; PRO4499;  
tumour; obesity; diabetes; insulinemia; kidney disorder; Bergers  
disease; nephropathy; Schonlein-Henoch purpura; celiac disease;  
dermatitis herpetiformis; Crohns disease; patent; patentdb  
(v200423, 04-NOV-2004).

SOURCE Homo sapiens.

ORGANISM Homo sapiens.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2395)

AUTHORS Desnoyers, L., Eaton, D.L., Goddard, A., Godowski, P.J.,  
Gurney, A.L., Pan, J. Stewart, T.A., Watanabe, C.K., Wood, W.I.,  
Zhang, Z.

TITLE Novel secreted and transmembrane polypeptides useful for diagnosing  
tumor in a mammal, for identifying agonists and antagonists of the  
polypeptide and for therapeutic use.

JOURNAL Patent: WO200056889-A2; Filing Date: 01-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US005601;  
Publication Date: 28-SEP-2000; Priority: 23-MAR-1999;  
99US-0125774P. 23-MAR-1999; 99US-0125778P. 24-MAR-1999;  
99US-0125826P. 31-MAR-1999; 99US-0127035P. 05-APR-1999;  
99US-0127706P. 21-APR-1999; 99US-0130359P. 27-APR-1999;  
99US-0131270P. 27-APR-1999; 99US-0131272P. 27-APR-1999;  
99US-0131291P. 04-MAY-1999; 99US-0132371P. 04-MAY-1999;  
99US-0132379P. 04-MAY-1999; 99US-0132383P. 25-MAY-1999;  
99US-0135750P. 08-JUN-1999; 99US-0138166P. 20-JUL-1999;  
99US-0144791P. 03-AUG-1999; 99US-0146970P. 09-DEC-1999;  
99US-0170262P; Assignee: (GETH) GENENTECH INC; Cross Reference:  
WPI; 2000-628263/60. P-PSDB; AAB18918; Patent Format: Claim 2; Fig  
19; 222pp; English.

COMMENT The present sequence encodes a secreted or transmembrane  
polypeptide. The specification describes polypeptides designated  
PRO1484, PRO4334, PRO1122, PRO1889, PRO1890, PRO1887, PRO1785,  
PRO4353, PRO4357, PRO4405, PRO4356, PRO4352, PRO4380, PRO4354,

PRO4408, PRO5737, PRO4425, PRO5990, PRO6030, PRO4424, PRO4422, PRO4430 and PRO4499. PRO1889 polypeptide is useful for diagnosing tumour in a mammal. The polypeptides, their agonists and antagonists are useful treating a condition associated with expression or activity of the polypeptide. Conditions treated include obesity, diabetes or hyper-or hypo-insulinemia. The polypeptides are capable of inducing proliferation of mammalian kidney mesangial cells and are therefore useful for treating kidney disorders associated with decreased mesangial cell function such as Bergers disease or other nephropathies associated with Schonlein-Henoch purpura, celiac disease, dermatitis herpetiformis or Crohns disease. The nucleic acids may be used to generate transgenic animals for use in development and screening of therapeutically useful reagents and also for chromosome identification and tissue typing

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers

CDS 79..1011

/\*tag= a

sig\_peptide 79..180

/\*tag= b

BASE COUNT 566 a 605 c 656 g 568 t

ORIGIN

2395 100 0.0

P\_AAD02923 Human PRO4405 cDNA (DNA84920-2614). 395 bp, cDNA, PAT 31-MAY-2001

ACCESSION P\_AAD02923

KEYWORDS GENESEQ; Human; PRO4405; antiinflammatory; dermatological; immunosuppressive; antirheumatic; antiarthritic; osteopathic; antianaemic; haemostatic; antithyroid; antidiabetic; antiviral; antipsoriatic; antiallergic; antiasthmatic; inhibitor; therapy; systemic lupus erythematosus; spondyloarthropathy; systemic sclerosis; systemic vasculitis; sarcoidosis; idiopathic inflammatory myopathy; Sjogren's syndrome; autoimmune thrombocytopenia; immune-mediated renal disease; hepatitis; demyelinating polyneuropathy; Guillian-Barré syndrome; Whipple's disease; hepatobiliary disease; primary biliary cirrhosis; sclerosing cholangitis; inflammatory bowel disease; gluten-sensitive enteropathy; skin disease; allergic rhinitis; atopic dermatitis; food hypersensitivity; urticaria; eosinophilic pneumonia; hypersensitivity pneumonitis; graft rejection; idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis; graft-versus-host-disease; patent; patentdb (v200423, 04-NOV-2004).

SOURCE Homo sapiens.

ORGANISM Homo sapiens.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2395)

AUTHORS Goddard,A., Godowski,P.J., Gurney,A.L., Hillan,K.J., Tumas,D. Watanabe,C.K., Wood,W.I.

TITLE New PRO polypeptides for treating immune related and inflammatory diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic vasculitis, asthma, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, and diabetes mellitus.

JOURNAL Patent: WO200116319-A2; Filing Date: 23-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US023522; Publication Date: 08-MAR-2001; Priority: 31-AUG-1999; 99US-0151733P. 01-SEP-1999; 99WO-US020111. 16-DEC-1999; 99WO-US030095. 18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004342. 01-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US005601. 30-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US008439. 17-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US013705. 22-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014042. 30-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014941. 05-JUN-2000; 2000US-0209832P; Assignee: (GETH )



GENENTECH INC; Cross Reference: WPI; 2001-226690/23. P-PSDB;  
AAY72877; Patent Format: Claim 2; Fig 7; 118pp; English.

COMMENT The present sequence is a cDNA (DNA84920-2614 clone) encoding PRO4405 protein. PRO protein, its agonist or antagonist or its antibody which are capable of enhancing or inhibiting the proliferation of T-lymphocytes or of increasing the infiltration of inflammatory cells into a tissue are useful in the diagnosis and treatment of immune-related diseases in mammals. The PRO protein is useful for treating systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, juvenile chronic arthritis, spondyloarthropathy, systemic sclerosis, idiopathic inflammatory myopathy, Sjogren's syndrome, systemic vasculitis, sarcoidosis, autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune thrombocytopenia, thyroiditis, diabetes mellitus, immune-mediated renal disease, demyelinating disease of the central or peripheral nervous system, idiopathic demyelinating polyneuropathy, Guillian-Barre syndrome, chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy, hepatobiliary disease, infectious or autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, granulomatous hepatitis, sclerosing cholangitis, inflammatory bowel disease, gluten-sensitive enteropathy, Whipple's disease, autoimmune or immune-mediated skin diseases such as bullous skin disease, erythema multiforme and contact dermatitis, psoriasis, allergic diseases such as asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, food hypersensitivity and urticaria, immunologic diseases of the lung such as eosinophilic pneumonias, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, hyper-sensitivity pneumonitis, transplantation associated diseases such as graft rejection or graft-versus-host-disease

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
CDS 79..1011  
/\*tag= a  
/product= "Human PRO4405 protein"  
sig\_peptide 79..180  
/\*tag= b  
mat\_peptide 181..1008  
/\*tag= c  
/product= "Mature human PRO4405 protein"  
BASE COUNT 566 a 605 c 656 g 568 t  
ORIGIN

2395 100 0.0

P\_AAF92127 Human PRO4405 cDNA. 395 bp, cDNA, PAT 15-MAY-2001

ACCESSION P\_AAF92127

KEYWORDS GENESEQ; Human; PRO protein; mapping; patent; patentdb (v200423, 04-NOV-2004).

SOURCE Homo sapiens.

ORGANISM Homo sapiens.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2395)

AUTHORS Eaton,D.L., Filvaroff,E., Gerritsen,M.E., Goddard,A.,  
Godowski,P.J. Grimaldi,C.J., Gurney,A.L., Watanabe,C.K.,  
Wood,W.I.

TITLE Eighty four nucleic acids encoding PRO polypeptides, useful in molecular biology, including use as hybridization probes, and in chromosome and gene mapping.

JOURNAL Patent: WO200116318-A2; Filing Date: 24-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US023328;  
Publication Date: 08-MAR-2001; Priority: 01-SEP-1999;  
99WO-US020111. 15-SEP-1999; 99WO-US021090. 07-DEC-1999;

99US-0169495P. 09-DEC-1999; 99US-0170262P. 11-JAN-2000;  
 2000US-0175481P. 18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004341. 18-FEB-2000;  
 2000WO-US004342. 22-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004414. 01-MAR-2000;  
 2000WO-US005601. 03-MAR-2000; 2000US-0187202P. 21-MAR-2000;  
 2000US-0191007P. 30-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US008439. 25-APR-2000;  
 2000US-0199397P. 22-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014042. 05-JUN-2000;  
 2000US-0209832P; Assignee: (GETH ) GENENTECH INC; Cross Reference:  
 WPI; 2001-183260/18. P-PSDB; AAB87595; Patent Format: Claim 2; Fig  
 139; 278pp; English.

COMMENT The present sequence is the coding sequence for a human PRO  
 polypeptide (secreted and transmembrane). The PRO protein, and PRO  
 agonists, PRO antagonists or anti-PRO antibodies are useful for  
 preparation of a medicament useful in the treatment of a condition  
 which is responsive to the PRO protein, agonists, antagonists or  
 anti-PRO antibodies. The PRO protein may also be employed as  
 molecular weight markers for protein electrophoresis. The PRO  
 coding sequence has applications in molecular biology, including  
 use as hybridisation probes, and in chromosome and gene mapping

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 BASE COUNT 566 a 605 c 656 g 568 t  
 ORIGIN

2395 100 0.0

P\_AAC91490 Human PRO4405 cDNA. 395 bp, cDNA, PAT 21-MAR-2001

ACCESSION P\_AAC91490

KEYWORDS GENESEQ; Human; PRO; antiinflammatory; dermatological;  
 antiarthritic; antirheumatic; cardiant; antianaemic;  
 immunosuppressive; antithyroid; antidiabetic; nootropic;  
 neuroprotective; hepatotropic; virucide; antiallergic;  
 antiasthmatic; immune related disorder; hepatobiliary disease;  
 autoimmune disease; allergy; patent; patentdb (v200423,  
 04-NOV-2004).

SOURCE Homo sapiens.

ORGANISM Homo sapiens.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2395)

AUTHORS Ashkenazi,A.J., Baker,K.P., Chan,B., Goddard,A., Godowski,P.J.  
 Gurney,A.L., Hebert,C., Henzel,W., Kabakoff,R.C., Shelton,D.L.,  
 Tumas,D. Watanabe,C.K., Wood,W.I.

TITLE Thirty three nucleic acids encoding PRO polypeptides which are  
 useful in the diagnosis and treatment of immune related disorders,  
 e.g. systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis,  
 osteoarthritis, thyroiditis and diabetes mellitus.

JOURNAL Patent: WO200073452-A2; Filing Date: 02-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US015264;  
 Publication Date: 07-DEC-2000; Priority: 02-JUN-1999;  
 99WO-US012252. 20-JUL-1999; 99US-0144732P. 20-JUL-1999;  
 99US-0144758P. 28-JUL-1999; 99US-0146222P. 01-SEP-1999;  
 99WO-US020111. 15-SEP-1999; 99WO-US021090. 15-SEP-1999;  
 99WO-US021547. 29-OCT-1999; 99US-0162506P. 30-NOV-1999;  
 99WO-US028313. 01-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028634. 02-DEC-1999;  
 99WO-US028551. 02-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028565. 09-DEC-1999;  
 99US-0170262P. 20-DEC-1999; 99WO-US030911. 05-JAN-2000;  
 2000WO-US000219. 06-JAN-2000; 2000WO-US000376. 11-FEB-2000;  
 2000WO-US003565. 18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004341. 18-FEB-2000;  
 2000WO-US004342. 22-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004414. 24-FEB-2000;  
 2000WO-US004914. 24-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US005004. 01-MAR-2000;  
 2000WO-US005601. 02-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US005841. 03-MAR-2000;  
 2000US-0187202P. 15-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US006884. 20-MAR-2000;

2000WO-US007377. 21-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US007532. 30-MAR-2000;  
 2000WO-US008439. 17-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US013705. 22-MAY-2000;  
 2000WO-US014042; Assignee: (GETH ) GENENTECH INC; Cross Reference:  
 WPI; 2001-025253/03. P-PSDB; AAB50931; Patent Format: Claim 48; Fig  
 59; 218pp; English.

COMMENT The present sequence is one of thirty three nucleic acids encoding  
 PRO polypeptides. The PRO polypeptides, anti-PRO antibodies,  
 agonists and antagonists are useful for treating and diagnosing  
 immune related disorders such as systemic lupus erythematosus,  
 rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, juvenile chronic arthritis,  
 spondyloarthropathies, systemic sclerosis, idiopathic inflammatory  
 myopathies, Sjogren's syndrome, systemic vasculitis, sarcoidosis,  
 autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune thrombocytopaenia,  
 thyroiditis, diabetes mellitus, immune-mediated renal disease,  
 demyelinating diseases of the central and peripheral nervous  
 systems (such as multiple sclerosis, idiopathic demyelinating  
 polyneuropathy or Guillain-Barre syndrome, and chronic inflammatory  
 demyelinating polyneuropathy), hepatobiliary diseases (such as  
 infectious, autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary  
 cirrhosis, granulomatous hepatitis and sclerosing cholangitis),  
 inflammatory bowel disease, gluten-sensitive enteropathy and  
 Whipple's disease, autoimmune or immune-mediated skin diseases  
 (such as bullous skin diseases, erythema multiforme, contact  
 dermatitis, psoriasis), allergic diseases such as asthma, allergic  
 rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, food hypersensitivity and urticaria),  
 immunological diseases of the lung (such as eosinophilic  
 pneumonias, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis and hypersensitivity  
 pneumonitis), transplantation associated diseases including graft  
 rejection and graft-versus-host diseases

FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers			
BASE COUNT	566 a	605 c	656 g	568 t
ORIGIN				

2395 100 0.0

AX089946 Sequence 7 from Patent WO0116319. 2395 bp,  
 DNA, linear, PAT 21-MAR-2001

ACCESSION AX089946

VERSION AX089946.1 GI:13443984

KEYWORDS

SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)

ORGANISM Homo sapiens

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Goddard, A., Godowski, P.J., Gurney, A.L., Hillan, K.J., Tumas, D.,  
 Watanabe, C.K. and Wood, W.I.

TITLE Compositions and methods for the treatment of immune related  
 diseases

JOURNAL Patent: WO 0116319-A 7 08-MAR-2001;  
 Genentech, Inc. (US)

FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers
source	1..2395
	/organism="Homo sapiens"
	/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
	/db_xref="taxon:9606"

BASE COUNT  
 ORIGIN

2395 100 0.0  
 AX092408 Sequence 139 from Patent WO0116318. 2395 bp,  
 DNA, linear, PAT 21-MAR-2001  
 ACCESSION AX092408  
 VERSION AX092408.1 GI:13444518  
 KEYWORDS  
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)  
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.  
 REFERENCE 1  
 AUTHORS Eaton,D.L., Filvaroff,E., Gerritsen,M.E., Goddard,A.,  
 Godowski,P.J., Grimaldi,C.J., Gurney,A.L., Watanabe,C.K. and  
 Wood,W.I.  
 TITLE Secreted and transmembrane polypeptides and nucleic acids encoding  
 the same  
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 0116318-A 139 08-MAR-2001;  
 Genentech, Inc. (US)  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
 source 1..2395  
 /organism="Homo sapiens"  
 /mol\_type="unassigned DNA"  
 /db\_xref="taxon:9606"  
 BASE COUNT  
 ORIGIN

2395 100 0.0  
 AX055478 Sequence 108 from Patent WO0073452. 2395 bp,  
 DNA, linear, PAT 13-JAN-2001  
 ACCESSION AX055478  
 VERSION AX055478.1 GI:12228736  
 KEYWORDS  
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)  
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.  
 REFERENCE 1  
 AUTHORS Ashkenazi,A.J., Baker,K.P., Chan,B., Goddard,A., Godowski,P.J.,  
 Gurney,A.L., Hebert,C., Henzel,W., Kabakoff,R.C., Shelton,D.L.,  
 Tumas,D., Watanabe,C.K. and Wood,W.I.  
 TITLE Compositions and methods for the treatment of immune related  
 diseases  
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 0073452-A 108 07-DEC-2000;  
 Genentech, Inc. (US)  
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers  
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 BASE COUNT  
 ORIGIN



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Mon Jan 7 16:13:00 2002 [BLASTP 2.2.1 [Jul-12-2001], NCBI]

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/home/ruby/va/Molbio/carpanda/tempids/p1.DNA84920

Database: day (1,637,781 seqs, 402,203,456 aa) Jan 6, 2002 5:13 PM

Locus list: hum (349,801 seqs, 66,964,548 aa)

Matrix: BLOSUM62, T: 11, A: 40, X1: 16, X2: 38, X3: 64, S1: 41, S2: 71, eval: 10.

Gap Penalties: Existence: 11, Extension: 1

Sequences producing High-scoring Segment Pairs:

		Score	Match	Pct	E-val
1	P_AAB87595 Human PRO4405 - Homo sapiens.	1617	310	100	e-179
2	P_AAY72877 Human PRO4405 protein encoded by DNA84920	1617	310	100	e-179
3	P_AAM93346 Human polypeptide, SEQ ID NO: 2891 - Homo	1617	310	100	e-179
4	P_AAB18918 novel polypeptide designated PRO4405 - Ho	1617	310	100	e-179

Dayhoff Protein Database (Rel 78, Mar 2004)

P\_AAB87595 Human PRO4405 - Homo sapiens.

Length: 310 aa

Accession: P\_AAB87595;

Species: Homo sapiens.

Keywords: Human; PRO protein; mapping; patent; GENESEQ patentdb.

Patent number: WO200116318-A2.

Publication date: 08-MAR-2001.

Filing date: 24-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US023328.

Priority: 01-SEP-1999; 99WO-US020111. 15-SEP-1999; 99WO-US021090.

07-DEC-1999; 99US-0169495P. 09-DEC-1999; 99US-0170262P.

11-JAN-2000; 2000US-0175481P. 18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004341.

18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004342. 22-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004414.

01-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US005601. 03-MAR-2000; 2000US-0187202P.

21-MAR-2000; 2000US-0191007P. 30-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US008439.

25-APR-2000; 2000US-0199397P. 22-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014042.

05-JUN-2000; 2000US-0209832P.

Assignee: (GETH ) GENENTECH INC.

Inventors: Eaton DL, Filvaroff E, Gerritsen ME, Goddard A, Godowski PJ;

Grimaldi CJ, Gurney AL, Watanabe CK, Wood WI;

Cross reference: WPI; 2001-183260/18. N-PSDB; AAF92127.

Title: Eighty four nucleic acids encoding PRO polypeptides, useful in molecular biology, including use as hybridization probes, and in chromosome and gene mapping.

Patent format: Claim 12; Fig 140; 278pp; English.

Comment: The present sequence is a human PRO polypeptide (secreted and transmembrane). The PRO protein, and PRO agonists, PRO antagonists or anti-PRO antibodies are useful for preparation of a medicament useful in the treatment of a condition which is responsive to the PRO protein, agonists, antagonists or anti-PRO antibodies. The PRO protein may also be employed as molecular weight markers for protein electrophoresis. The PRO coding sequence has applications in molecular biology, including use as hybridisation probes, and in chromosome and gene mapping

Database: GENESEQ patent database (v200423, 04-NOV-2004).

P\_AAY72877 Human PRO4405 protein encoded by DNA84920-2614 cDNA clone - Homo sapiens.

Length: 310 aa

Accession: P\_AAY72877;

Species: Homo sapiens.

Keywords: Human; PRO4405; antiinflammatory; dermatological;

immunosuppressive; antirheumatic; antiarthritic; osteopathic;

antianaemic; haemostatic; antithyroid; antidiabetic; antiviral; antipsoriatic; antiallergic; antiasthmatic; inhibitor; therapy; systemic lupus erythematosus; spondyloarthropathy; systemic sclerosis; systemic vasculitis; sarcoidosis; idiopathic inflammatory myopathy; Sjogren's syndrome; autoimmune thrombocytopenia; immune-mediated renal disease; hepatitis; demyelinating polyneuropathy; Guillian-Barre syndrome; Whipple's disease; hepatobiliary disease; primary biliary cirrhosis; sclerosing cholangitis; inflammatory bowel disease; gluten-sensitive enteropathy; skin disease; allergic rhinitis; atopic dermatitis; food hypersensitivity; urticaria; eosinophilic pneumonia; hypersensitivity pneumonitis; graft rejection; idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis; graft-versus-host-disease; patent; GENESEQ patentdb.

Patent number: WO200116319-A2.

Publication date: 08-MAR-2001.

Filing date: 23-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US023522.

Priority: 31-AUG-1999; 99US-0151733P. 01-SEP-1999; 99WO-US020111.

16-DEC-1999; 99WO-US030095. 18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US004342.

01-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US005601. 30-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US008439.

17-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US013705. 22-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014042.

30-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014941. 05-JUN-2000; 2000US-0209832P.

Assignee: (GETH ) GENENTECH INC.

Inventors: Goddard A, Godowski PJ, Gurney AL, Hillan KJ, Tumas D; Watanabe CK, Wood WI;

Cross reference: WPI; 2001-226690/23. N-PSDB; AAD02923.

Title: New PRO polypeptides for treating immune related and inflammatory diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic vasculitis, asthma, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, and diabetes mellitus.

Patent format: Claim 10; Fig 8; 118pp; English.

Comment: The present sequence is PRO4405 protein encoded by DNA84920-2614 cDNA clone. PRO protein, its agonist or antagonist or its antibody which are capable of enhancing or inhibiting the proliferation of T-lymphocytes or of increasing the infiltration of inflammatory cells into a tissue are useful in the diagnosis and treatment of immune-related diseases in mammals. The PRO protein is useful for treating systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, juvenile chronic arthritis, spondyloarthropathy, systemic sclerosis, idiopathic inflammatory myopathy, Sjogren's syndrome, systemic vasculitis, sarcoidosis, autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune thrombocytopenia, thyroiditis, diabetes mellitus, immune-mediated renal disease, demyelinating disease of the central or peripheral nervous system, idiopathic demyelinating polyneuropathy, Guillian-Barre syndrome, chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy, hepatobiliary disease, infectious or autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, granulomatous hepatitis, sclerosing cholangitis, inflammatory bowel disease, gluten-sensitive enteropathy, Whipple's disease, autoimmune or immune-mediated skin diseases such as bullous skin disease, erythema multiforme and contact dermatitis, psoriasis, allergic diseases such as asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, food hypersensitivity and urticaria, immunologic diseases of the lung such as eosinophilic pneumonias, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, hyper-sensitivity pneumonitis, transplantation associated diseases such as graft rejection or graft-versus-host-disease

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 278-284/Modified-site  
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 Database: GENESEQ patent database (v200423, 04-NOV-2004).

P\_AAM93346 Human polypeptide; SEQ ID NO: 2891 - Homo sapiens.

Length: 975 aa

Accession: P\_AAM93346;

Species: Homo sapiens.

Keywords: Human; full length cDNA; cDNA synthesis; oligo-capping; patent;  
 GENESEQ patentdb.

Patent number: EP1130094-A2.

Publication date: 05-SEP-2001.

Filing date: 07-JUL-2000; 2000EP-00114089.

Priority: 08-JUL-1999; 99JP-00194486. 11-JAN-2000; 2000JP-00118774.  
 02-MAY-2000; 2000JP-00183765.

Assignee: (HELI-) HELIX RES INST.

Inventors: Ota T, Nishikawa T, Isogai T, Hayashi K, Ishii S, Kawai Y;  
 Wakamatsu A, Sugiyama T, Nagai K, Kojima S, Otsuki T, Koga H;

Cross reference: WPI; 2001-524255/58. N-PSDB; AAK94266.

Title: 830 Primers useful for synthesizing full length cDNA clones and  
 their use in genetic manipulation.

Patent format: Claim 8; SEQ ID NO 2891; 1380pp + Sequence Listing; English.

Comment: The invention relates to primers for synthesising full length cDNA  
 clones. 830 cDNA molecules encoding a human protein have been  
 isolated and nucleotide sequences of 5'- and 3'-ends of the cDNA  
 molecules have been determined. Primers for synthesising the full  
 length cDNA are useful for clarifying the function of the protein  
 encoded by the cDNA. The full length clones were obtained by  
 construction of full length enriched cDNA libraries that were  
 synthesised by the oligo-capping method. The primers enable the

production of the full length cDNA easily without any special methods. The present sequence is a polypeptide encoded by a full length human cDNA of the invention. Note: The sequence data for this patent did not form part of the printed specification, but was obtained in CD-ROM format directly from EPO  
Database: GENESEQ patent database (v200423, 04-NOV-2004).

P\_AAB18918 A novel polypeptide designated PRO4405 - Homo sapiens.

Length: 310 aa

Accession: P\_AAB18918;

Species: Homo sapiens.

Keywords: Secreted protein; transmembrane protein; PRO1484; PRO4334; PRO1122; PRO1889; PRO1890; PRO1887; PRO1785; PRO4353; PRO4357; PRO4405; PRO4356; PRO4352; PRO4380; PRO4354; PRO4408; PRO5737; PRO4425; PRO5990; PRO6030; PRO4424; PRO4422; PRO4430; PRO4499; tumour; obesity; diabetes; insulinemia; kidney disorder; Bergers disease; nephropathy; Schonlein-Henoch purpura; celiac disease; dermatitis herpetiformis; Crohns disease; patent; GENESEQ patentdb.

Patent number: WO200056889-A2.

Publication date: 28-SEP-2000.

Filing date: 01-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US005601.

Priority: 23-MAR-1999; 99US-0125774P. 23-MAR-1999; 99US-0125778P.

24-MAR-1999; 99US-0125826P. 31-MAR-1999; 99US-0127035P.

05-APR-1999; 99US-0127706P. 21-APR-1999; 99US-0130359P.

27-APR-1999; 99US-0131270P. 27-APR-1999; 99US-0131272P.

27-APR-1999; 99US-0131291P. 04-MAY-1999; 99US-0132371P.

04-MAY-1999; 99US-0132379P. 04-MAY-1999; 99US-0132383P.

25-MAY-1999; 99US-0135750P. 08-JUN-1999; 99US-0138166P.

20-JUL-1999; 99US-0144791P. 03-AUG-1999; 99US-0146970P.

09-DEC-1999; 99US-0170262P.

Assignee: (GETH ) GENENTECH INC.

Inventors: Desnoyers L, Eaton DL, Goddard A, Godowski PJ, Gurney AL, Pan J; Stewart TA, Watanabe CK, Wood WI, Zhang Z;

Cross reference: WPI; 2000-628263/60. N-PSDB; AAA96345.

Title: Novel secreted and transmembrane polypeptides useful for diagnosing tumor in a mammal, for identifying agonists and antagonists of the polypeptide and for therapeutic use.

Patent format: Claim 12; Fig 20; 222pp; English.

Comment: The present sequence represents a secreted or transmembrane polypeptide. The specification describes polypeptides designated PRO1484, PRO4334, PRO1122, PRO1889, PRO1890, PRO1887, PRO1785, PRO4353, PRO4357, PRO4405, PRO4356, PRO4352, PRO4380, PRO4354, PRO4408, PRO5737, PRO4425, PRO5990, PRO6030, PRO4424, PRO4422, PRO4430 and PRO4499. PRO1889 polypeptide is useful for diagnosing tumour in a mammal. The polypeptides, their agonists and antagonists are useful treating a condition associated with expression or activity of the polypeptide. Conditions treated include obesity, diabetes or hyper- or hypo-insulinemia. The polypeptides are capable of inducing proliferation of mammalian kidney mesangial cells and are therefore useful for treating kidney disorders associated with decreased mesangial cell function such as Bergers disease or other nephropathies associated with Schonlein-Henoch purpura, celiac disease, dermatitis herpetiformis or Crohns disease. The nucleic acids may be used to generate transgenic animals for use in development and screening of therapeutically useful reagents and also for chromosome identification and tissue typing



1-34/Peptide  
/note= signal peptide/  
6-12/Modified-site  
/note= N-myristoylation site/  
52-58/Modified-site  
/note= N-myristoylation site/  
56-60/Modified-site  
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Database: GENESEQ patent database (v200423, 04-NOV-2004).